MINISTRY OF CULTURE, EDUCATION AND RESEARCH OF THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA GDEYS CĂLĂRAȘI

Theoretical Lyceum "Vasile Alecsandri"



"Approved "	"Coordonated"
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November, 2017	November, 2017

Internal Assessment Test

Subject: **English**The 8th form

Study year 2017-2018

Teacher: Ursu Mariana, the I th teaching degree

The	8^{th}	"——"	form
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VOCABULA Match the words	RY with their definitions.	5р
. cruel	a. for or out of every 100	
. percent	b. extremely unkind	
. guilt	c. a feeling of doing something wrong	
. conduct	d. an examination of opinions, behavior	
. survey	e. to organize a particular activity	
) Write the jobs w	ith the following responsibilities.	7 p
	to translate simultaneously	
	to fight for someone's rights	
	to install software	
	to negotiate a price	
	to carry out a surgery to maintain the plumbing	
-	to maintain the plumbing to keep the track of money	
	•	_
	nests using the following situations.	6p.
1. Ask somebo	dy to help you with your luggage.	
2. Ask your me	om to make you a sandwich.	
2 4 1 1		
3. Ask somebo	dy for the way to the bus station.	
		_
) Include in 3 sent	ences the word "lie" to have different meanings.	6р.
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	ences the word "lie" to have different meanings.	6р.
I. GRAMMAR		
I. GRAMMAR) Form nouns from	n the following adjectives.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich -	n the following adjectives. • young	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich old	n the following adjectives.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich old Underline the co	n the following adjectives.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich old Underline the co 1. (It is, There is	n the following adjectives.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich Old Underline the co 1. (It is, There is 2. (There is, It is	n the following adjectives.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich - Old - Underline the co (It is, There is 2. (There is, It is 3. (It was, It is)	n the following adjectives. • young poor rrect variant from the brackets:) spring. (There are, There is) many flowers in the gardens.) a car in the street. so cold yesterday that we couldn't go out.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich - Old -	n the following adjectives. young - poor - prect variant from the brackets:) spring. (There are, There is) many flowers in the gardens.) a car in the street. so cold yesterday that we couldn't go out. have (is, are) not enough to buy these trainers.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich old Underline the co 1. (It is, There is 2. (There is, It is 3. (It was, It is) 4. The money I is 5. The family (w	n the following adjectives. young poor rrect variant from the brackets:) spring. (There are, There is) many flowers in the gardens.) a car in the street. so cold yesterday that we couldn't go out. have (is, are) not enough to buy these trainers. as, were) having dinner in the dining-room.	4p.
GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich - Old	n the following adjectives. • young - poor - rect variant from the brackets:) spring. (There are, There is) many flowers in the gardens.) a car in the street. so cold yesterday that we couldn't go out. have (is, are) not enough to buy these trainers. has, were) having dinner in the dining-room. has, have) a hard work to do.	4p.
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GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich Old Underline the co 1. (It is, There is 2. (There is, It is) 3. (It was, It is) 4. The money I is 5. The family (w 6. The police (ha 7. Nick is (laying 8. My mother is	n the following adjectives. • young rrect variant from the brackets:) spring. (There are, There is) many flowers in the gardens.) a car in the street. so cold yesterday that we couldn't go out. have (is, are) not enough to buy these trainers. has, were) having dinner in the dining-room. has, have) a hard work to do. g, lying) on the bed at this moment. (laying, lying) the table.	4p.
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GRAMMAR Form nouns from Rich Old Underline the co 1. (It is, There is 2. (There is, It is 3. (It was, It is) 4. The money I is 5. The family (w 6. The police (ha 7. Nick is (laying 8. My mother is 9. My dog (lays, Write in a senter	n the following adjectives.	4p.
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III. READING AND TEXT CONPREHENTION

a) Read the text attentively.

The Natural History Museum in London is a museum of natural history that exhibits a vast range of specimens from various segments of natural history. It is one of three major museums on Exhibition Road in South Kensington, the others being the Science Museum and the Victoria and Albert Museum. The Natural History Museum's main frontage, however, is on Cromwell Road.

The museum is home to life and earth science specimens comprising some 80 million items within five main collections: botany, entomology, mineralogy, paleontology and zoology. The museum is a world-renowned centre of research specialising in taxonomy, identification and conservation. Given the age of the institution, many of the collections have great historical as well as scientific value, such as specimens collected by Charles Darwin. The museum is particularly famous for its exhibition of dinosaur skeletons and ornate architecture. The Natural History Museum Library contains extensive books, journals, manuscripts, and artwork collections linked to the work and research of the scientific departments. The museum is recognised as the pre-eminent centre of natural history and research of related fields in the world.

nswer the questions about the text.		
What museums are mentioned	in the text?	
Where is The Natural History	Museum located?	
What collections does The Na	tural History Museum contain?	
What is The Natural History N	Museum famous for?	
TRITING		
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NG		
ING aragraph (6-7 sentences)	about your future job.	
TING paragraph (6-7 sentences)		81
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Totally – 65 points

Good luck!



Correction scale

I. VOCABULARY

- a) 1p. for each correct matching;
- b) 1p. for each correct job;
- c) 2p. for each completely right request;
 - 1p. for each partly right request;
- d) 2p. for each completely right sentence (only the sentences in which the word "lie" has different meanings are considered);
 - 1p. for each partly correct sentence.

II. GRAMMAR

- a) 1p. for each correct noun formed from the adjective;
- b) 1p. for each correct chosen variant;
- c) 2p. for each completely correct sentence;
 - 1p. for each partly correct sentence.

III. READING AND TEXT CONPREHENTION

- b) 2p. for each complete answer;
 - 1p. for each incomplete answer;
 - Op. for no answer;

IV. WRITING

- 1p. for each sentences related to the given topic;
- 2p. correctness, applying grammar rules:
- 2p. no more than 1 grammar mistake;
- 1p. -2-3 grammar mistakes;
- 0p. more than 3 grammar mistakes.
- 5p. for correctness (spelling) of the whole test:
 - 5p. no spelling mistakes;
 - 4p. 1-2 spelling mistakes;
 - \blacksquare 3p. − 3-4 spelling mistakes;
 - \blacksquare 2p. − 5-6 spelling mistakes;
 - 1p. -7-8 spelling mistakes;
 - 0p. more than 8 spelling mistakes.

Scoring scale

61 – 65p. – « 10»	21 –29p « 5»
56 – 60p « 9»	15 - 20p « 4»
49 – 55p « 8»	11 - 14p « 3»
40 – 48p « 7»	6 - 10p «2»
30 – 39p « 6»	1 - 5p « 1»